Amendment No. 1

ADOPTED _	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Commerce Committee Representative Santiago offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 127-130 and insert:

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) and subsection (10) of section 627.736, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; exclusions; priority; claims.—

- (5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS.-
- (a) A physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or institution lawfully rendering treatment to an injured person for a bodily injury covered by personal injury protection insurance may charge the insurer and injured party only a reasonable amount pursuant to this section for the services and supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such coverage may

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pay for such charges directly to such person or institution
lawfully rendering such treatment if the insured receiving such
treatment or his or her guardian has countersigned the properly
completed invoice, bill, or claim form approved by the office
upon which such charges are to be paid for as having actually
been rendered, to the best knowledge of the insured or his or
her guardian. However, such a charge may not exceed the amount
the person or institution customarily charges for like services
or supplies. In determining whether a charge for a particular
service, treatment, or otherwise is reasonable, consideration
may be given to evidence of usual and customary charges and
payments accepted by the provider involved in the dispute,
reimbursement levels in the community and various federal and
state medical fee schedules applicable to motor vehicle and
other insurance coverages, and other information relevant to the
reasonableness of the reimbursement for the service, treatment,
or supply.

- 1. The insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of the following schedule of maximum charges:
- a. For emergency transport and treatment by providers licensed under chapter 401, 200 percent of Medicare.
- b. For emergency services and care provided by a hospital licensed under chapter 395, 200 percent of Medicare 75 percent of the hospital's usual and customary charges.
 - c. For emergency services and care as defined by s.

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 395.002 provided in a facility licensed under chapter 395 rendered by a physician or dentist, and related hospital inpatient services rendered by a physician or dentist, 200 percent of Medicare the usual and customary charges in the community.

- d. For hospital inpatient services, other than emergency services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A prospective payment applicable to the specific hospital providing the inpatient services.
- e. For hospital outpatient services, other than emergency services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A Ambulatory Payment Classification for the specific hospital providing the outpatient services.
- f. For all other medical services, supplies, and care, 200 percent of the allowable amount under:
- (I) The participating physicians fee schedule of Medicare Part B, except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraphs (II) and (III).
- (II) Medicare Part B, in the case of services, supplies, and care provided by ambulatory surgical centers and clinical laboratories.
- (III) The Durable Medical Equipment Prosthetics/Orthotics and Supplies fee schedule of Medicare Part B, in the case of durable medical equipment.

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However, if such services, supplies, or care is not reimbursable under Medicare Part B, as provided in this sub-subparagraph, the insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of the maximum reimbursable allowance under workers' compensation, as determined under s. 440.13 and rules adopted thereunder which are in effect at the time such services, supplies, or care is provided. Services, supplies, or care that is not reimbursable under Medicare or workers' compensation is not required to be reimbursed by the insurer.

- 2. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee schedule or payment limitation under Medicare is the fee schedule or payment limitation in effect on March 1 of the service year in which the services, supplies, or care is rendered and for the area in which such services, supplies, or care is rendered, and the applicable fee schedule or payment limitation applies to services, supplies, or care rendered during that service year, notwithstanding any subsequent change made to the fee schedule or payment limitation, except that it may not be less than the allowable amount under the applicable schedule of Medicare Part B for 2007 for medical services, supplies, and care subject to Medicare Part B. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "service year" means the period from March 1 through the end of February of the following year.
- 3. Subparagraph 1. does not allow the insurer to apply any limitation on the number of treatments or other utilization

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limits that apply under Medicare or Workers' compensation. An
insurer that applies the allowable payment limitations of
subparagraph 1. must reimburse a provider who lawfully provided
care or treatment under the scope of his or her license,
regardless of whether such provider is entitled to reimbursement
under Medicare due to restrictions or limitations on the types
or discipline of health care providers who may be reimbursed for
particular procedures or procedure codes. However, subparagraph
1. does not prohibit an insurer from using the Medicare coding
policies and payment methodologies of the federal Centers for
Medicare and Medicaid Services, including applicable modifiers,
to determine the appropriate amount of reimbursement for medical
services, supplies, or care if the coding policy or payment
methodology does not constitute a utilization limit.

- 4. If an insurer limits payment as authorized by subparagraph 1., the person providing such services, supplies, or care may not bill or attempt to collect from the insured any amount in excess of such limits, except for amounts that are not covered by the insured's personal injury protection coverage due to the coinsurance amount or maximum policy limits.
- 5. An insurer may limit payment as authorized by this paragraph only if the insurance policy includes a notice at the time of issuance or renewal that the insurer may limit payment pursuant to the schedule of charges specified in this paragraph. A policy form approved by the office satisfies this requirement.

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. PCS for CS/CS/HB 895 (2020)

Amendment No. 1

117	If a provider submits a charge for an amount less than the
118	amount allowed under subparagraph 1., the insurer may pay the
L19	amount of the charge submitted.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

124 Remove line 24 and insert:

s. 627.736, F.S.; revising allowable maximum medical charges;

126 specifying information required as

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